CREDIT BANK OF MOSCOW (public joint-stock company)

Consolidated Interim Condensed Financial Statements for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2016

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Auditors' Report on Review of Consolidated Interim Condensed Financial Information

To the Shareholders and Supervisory Board

CREDIT BANK OF MOSCOW (public joint-stock company)

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated interim condensed statement of financial position of CREDIT BANK OF MOSCOW (public joint-stock company) and its subsidiaries (the Group) as at 30 September 2016, and the related consolidated interim condensed statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the three- and the nine-month periods ended 30 September 2016, and the related consolidated interim condensed statements of changes in equity and cash flows for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2016, and notes to the consolidated interim condensed financial information (the consolidated interim condensed financial information). Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this consolidated interim condensed financial information in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this consolidated interim condensed financial information based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410 *Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity.* A review of consolidated interim condensed financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Audited entity: Credit Bank of Moscow (public joint-stock company).

Registered by the Central Bank of the Russian Federation on 18 August 1999, Registration No. 1978.

Entered in the Unified State Register of Legal Entities on 18 November 2002 by the Department of Federal Tax Service, Registration No. 1027739555282, Certificate series 77 No. 004840877.

Address of audited entity: 2 (building 1). Lukov pereulok, Moscow, Russian Federation, 107045.

Independent auditor: JSC "KPMG", a company incorporated under the Laws of the Russian Federation, a member firm of the KPMG network of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International Cooperative ("KPMG International"), a Swiss entity.

Registered by the Moscow Registration Chamber on 25 May 1992, Registration No. 011.585.

Entered in the Unified State Register of Legal Entities on 13 August 2002 by the Moscow Inter-Regional Tax Inspectorate No. 39 of the Ministry for Taxes and Duties of the Russian Federation, Registration No. 1027700125628, Certificate series 77 No. 005721432.

Member of the Self-regulated organisation of auditors "Russian Union of auditors" (Association). The Principal Registration Number of the Entry in the State Register of Auditors and Audit Organisations: No.11603053203.



Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the consolidated interim condensed financial information as at 30 September 2016 and for the three- and the nine-month periods ended 30 September 2016 is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting.

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Kolosov A.E. MOCK

Director

Power of attorney dated 24 March 2016 No. 12/16 JSC "KPMG"

22 November 2016 Moscow, Russian Federation

CREDIT BANK OF MOSCOW (public joint-stock company) Consolidated Interim Condensed Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the three- and the nine-month periods ended 30 September 2016

	Notes	Nine-Month Period Ended 30 September 2016 RUB'000 (Unaudited)	Nine-Month Period Ended 30 September 2015 RUB'000 (Unaudited)	Three-Month Period Ended 30 September 2016 RUB'000 (Unaudited)	Three-Month Period Ended 30 September 2015 RUB'000 (Unaudited)
Interest income	4	84 066 256	61 135 801	28 090 347	22 436 059
Interest expense	4	(52 704 924)	(43 445 525)	(17 191 244)	(15 167 186)
Net interest income	4	31 361 332	17 690 276	10 899 103	7 268 873
Provision for impairment of loans	10	(24 046 848)	(14 585 203)	(7 817 625)	(6 103 169)
Net interest income after provision for impairment of loans		7 314 484	3 105 073	3 081 478	1 165 704
Fee and commission income	5	9 470 474	6 439 410	3 156 650	2 139 771
Fee and commission expense	5	(1 530 856)	(1 163 377)	(535 029)	147 963
Net gain (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		595 610	527 491	220 672	(81 462)
Net realized gain on available-for- sale assets		956 706	25 718	594 788	893
Net foreign exchange gains (losses)		3 595 161	1 142 054	1 433 069	(133 240)
State deposit insurance scheme contributions		(604 049)	(504 395)	(208 011)	(166 509)
Operating lease income		789 838	11 247	428 025	3 769
Other operating income (expense), net		184 095	(249 841)	(233 930)	(68 747)
Non-interest income		13 456 979	6 228 307	4 856 234	1 842 438
Operating income		20 771 463	9 333 380	7 937 712	3 008 142
Salaries and employment benefits	6	(5 683 322)	(3 890 738)	(1 882 145)	(1 297 224)
Administrative expenses	6	(3 629 818)	(2 397 568)	(1 447 166)	(916 304)
Depreciation of property and equipment		(1 017 290)	(439 928)	(471 689)	(148 118)
Recovery of (provision for) impairment of other assets and credit related commitments		234 383	(658 794)	217 244	(214 227)
Operating expense		(10 096 047)	(7 387 028)	(3 583 756)	(2 575 873)
Profit before income taxes		10 675 416	1 946 352	4 353 956	432 269
Income tax	7	(2 333 282)	(411 104)	(1 079 203)	(91 770)
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The consolidated interim condensed statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income are to be read in conjunction with the notes, forming an integral part of the consolidated interim condensed financial statements.

CREDIT BANK OF MOSCOW (public joint-stock company)

Consolidated Interim Condensed Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the three- and the nine-month periods ended 30 September 2016 (continued)

	Notes	Nine-Month Period Ended 30 September 2016 RUB'000 (Unaudited)	Nine-Month Period Ended 30 September 2015 RUB'000 (Unaudited)	Three-Month Period Ended 30 September 2016 RUB'000 (Unaudited)	Three-Month Period Ended 30 September 2015 RUB'000 (Unaudited)
Profit for the period		8 342 134	1 535 248	3 274 753	340 499
Other comprehensive income					
Items that are or may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:					
Revaluation reserve for available-for-sale securities: - net change in fair value		1 862 666	1 687 315	64 474	(189 045)
 net change in fair value transferred to profit or loss Exchange differences on 		(1 062 248)	50 451	(538 094)	270 593
translation		27 650	-	24 989	-
Income tax related to other comprehensive income		(165 614)	(347 553)	89 527	(16 309)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period, net of					
income tax Total comparehension in come		662 454	1 390 213	(359 104)	65 239
Total comprehensive income for the period		9 004 588	2 925 461	2 915 649	405 738
Basic and diluted earnings per share (in RUB per share)	18	0.35	0.09	0.14	0.02

Chairman of the Management Board

Chief Accountant



Vladimir A. Chubar

Svetlana V. Sass

CREDIT BANK OF MOSCOW (public joint-stock company) Consolidated Interim Condensed Statement of Financial Position as at 30 September 2016

	Notes	30 September 2016 RUB'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2015 RUB'000
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents		214 238 296	138 014 586
Obligatory reserves with the Central Bank of the Russian Federation		8 730 944	5 936 111
Deposits in credit and other financial institutions		320 250 686	277 295 869
Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	8	67 338 939	72 136 989
- pledged under sale and repurchase agreements	8	4 633 794	2 654 432
Available-for-sale securities	9	54 947 339	87 402 909
- pledged under sale and repurchase agreements	9	28 429 054	2 115 753
Loans to customers	10	616 382 879	593 065 265
- loans to corporate clients	10	518 760 048	482 423 222
- loans to individuals	10	97 622 831	110 642 043
Property and equipment		22 551 796	7 004 418
Current tax assets		981 506	1 759 906
Other assets		6 526 973	25 584 575
Total assets		1 311 949 358	1 208 200 628
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Deposits by the Central Bank of the Russian Federation		4 263 336	4 044 647
Deposits by credit and other financial institutions		234 888 805	84 659 913
Deposits by customers		856 724 292	898 692 231
- deposits by corporate customers		629 770 476	697 763 224
- deposits by individuals		226 953 816	200 929 007
Debt securities issued	11	107 437 938	121 154 765
Deferred tax liability		919 508	2 380 552
Other liabilities		6 372 429	4 930 058
Total liabilities		1 210 606 308	1 115 862 166
Equity		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Share capital	12	24 741 640	24 741 640
Additional paid-in capital		35 047 463	35 047 463
Revaluation surplus for buildings		769 176	769 176
Revaluation reserve for available-for-sale securities		860 404	220 070
Currency translation reserve		22 120	-
Retained earnings		39 902 247	31 560 113
Total equity		101 343 050	92 338 462
Total liabilities and equity		1 311 949 358	1 208 200 628
Chairman of the Management Board Chief Accountant	Contraction of the second s	BAHK* CB	Vladimir A. Chubar Svetlana V. Sass

The consolidated interim condensed statement of financial position is to be read in conjunction with the notes, forming an integral part of the consolidated interim condensed financial statements.

CREDIT BANK OF MOSCOW (public joint-stock company) Consolidated Interim Condensed Statement of Cash Flows for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2016

	Nine-Month Period Ended 30 September 2016 RUB'000	Nine-Month Period Ended 30 September 2015 RUB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Interest receipts	78 174 810	54 932 624
Interest payments	(47 189 075)	(39 847 184)
Fees and commission receipts	9 682 293	6 914 348
Fees and commission payments	(1 530 856)	(1 664 561)
Net receipts from operations with securities	1 120 035	330 009
Net receipts from foreign exchange	(8 197 102)	1 203 682
State deposit insurance scheme contributions payments	(592 253)	(490 511)
Net other operating income receipts	404 771	326 240
Operating leases income receipts	789 838	-
Salaries and employment benefits paid	(5 440 083)	(3 898 406)
Administrative expenses paid	(3 160 518)	(2 100 046)
Income tax paid	(3 173 195)	(943 905)
Operating cash flows before changes in operating assets and liabilities	20 888 665	14 762 290
(Increase) decrease in operating assets		
Obligatory reserves with the Central Bank of the Russian Federation	(2 794 105)	393 366
Deposits in credit and other financial institutions	(82 236 172)	(130 273 659)
Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	3 971 031	(21 558 201)
Loans to customers	(70 344 633)	(130 996 019)
Other assets	763 117	231 382
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities		
Deposits by the Central Bank of the Russian Federation	472 626	47 345 696
Deposits by credit and other financial institutions except		
syndicated and subordinated loans	168 658 911	70 267 002
Deposits by customers except subordinated loans	28 430 226	268 904 293
Promissory notes issued	216 881	1 463 127
Other liabilities	156 807	81 071
Net cash from operations	68 183 354	120 620 348
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of available-for-sale securities	(20 139 416)	(22 548 389)
Proceeds from disposal and redemption of available-for-sale securities	43 196 202	7 680 323
Purchase of subsidiaries	(193 630)	_
Purchase of property and equipment	(592 178)	(296 710)
Sale of property and equipment	68 568	3 162
Net cash from (used in) investing activities	22 339 546	(15 161 614)

The consolidated interim condensed statement of cash flows is to be read in conjunction with the notes, forming an integral part of the consolidated interim condensed financial statements.

CREDIT BANK OF MOSCOW (public joint-stock company) Consolidated Interim Condensed Statement of Cash Flows for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2016

	Nine-Month Period Ended 30 September 2016 RUB'000 (Unaudited)	Nine-Month Period Ended 30 September 2015 RUB'000 (Unaudited)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Issuance of common stock	-	13 175 654
Proceeds from syndicated borrowings	-	251 237
Repayment of syndicated borrowings	-	(22 696 239)
Repayment of subordinated borrowings	(700 857)	-
Proceeds from placement and issuance of bonds	5 884 629	3 000 000
Repayments of bonds	(9 932 393)	(11 998 080)
Net cash used in financing activities	(4 748 621)	(18 267 428)
Effect of exchange rates changes on cash and cash equivalents	(9 550 569)	9 259 102
Change in cash and cash equivalents	76 223 710	96 450 408
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the period	138 014 586	118 696 921
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the period	214 238 296	215 147 329
Chairman of the Management Board	S LABOR	Vladimir A. Chubar
Chief Accountant	a the second	Svetlana V. Sass

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CREDIT BANK OF MOSCOW (public joint-stock company)

Consolidated Interim Condensed Statement of Changes in Equity for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2016

	Share capital	Additional paid-in capital	Shares in the process of issue	Revaluation surplus for buildings	Revaluation reserve for available- for- sale securities	Currency translation reserve	Retained earnings	Total equity
	RUB'000	RUB'000	RUB'000	RUB'000	RUB'000	RUB'000	RUB'000	RUB'000
1 January 2015 Total comprehensive income for the period	15 329 692	9 768 757	5 000 000	1 115 928	(1 277 529)	-	30 050 642	59 987 490
(Unaudited)	-	-	-	-	1 390 213	-	1 535 248	2 925 461
Issued shares (Unaudited) 30 September 2015 (Unaudited)	<u>4 911 948</u> 20 241 640	<u>13 263 706</u> 23 032 463	(5 000 000)	1 115 928	- 112 684			<u>13 175 654</u> <u>76 088 605</u>
1 January 2016 Total comprehensive income for the period	24 741 640	35 047 463	-	769 176	220 070	-	31 560 113	92 338 462
(Unaudited) 30 September 2016 (Unaudited)	24 741 640	35 047 463		769 176	640 334 860 404	22 120 22 120	8 342 134 39 902 247	9 004 588 101 343 050

Chairman of the Management Board

Chief Accountant



Vladimir A. Chubar

Svetlana V. Sass

1 Background

Principal activities

These consolidated interim condensed financial statements include the financial statements of CREDIT BANK OF MOSCOW (public joint-stock company) (the Bank) and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the Group).

The Bank was formed on 5 August 1992 as an open joint-stock company, then re-registered as a limited liability company under the legislation of the Russian Federation. On 18 August 1999 the Bank was reorganized as an open joint-stock company. On 16 May 2016 the Bank was reregistered as a public joint-stock company under the legislation of the Russian Federation. The Bank's registered legal address is 2 (bldg. 1), Lukov pereulok, Moscow, Russia. The Bank operates under a general banking license from the Central Bank of the Russian Federation (the CBR), renewed on 21 January 2013. In December 2004 the Bank was admitted to the state program for individual deposit insurance.

The Bank is among the 10 largest banks in Russia by assets and conducts its business in Moscow and the Moscow region with a branch network comprising 75 branches, 998 ATMs and 5 678 payment terminals.

The Group operates in industry where significant seasonal or cyclical variations in operating income are not experienced during the financial year.

			Degree of c	ontrol, %
Name	Country of incorporation	Principal activities	30 September 2016 (unaudited)	31 December 2015
CBOM Finance p.l.c.	Ireland	Raising finance	100%	100%
MKB-Leasing Group	Russia	Finance leasing	100%	100%
CJSC Mortgage Agent MKB	Russia	Raising finance	100%	100%
INKAKHRAN Group	Russia	Cash handling	100%	100%
CBM Ireland Leasing Limited	Ireland	Operating leasing	100%	-
LLC Bank SKS	Russia	Investment banking	100%	-

The principal subsidiaries of the Group are as follows:

The Bank does not have any direct or indirect shareholdings in the subsidiaries "CBOM Finance p.l.c." and CJSC "Mortgage Agent MKB". "CBOM Finance p.l.c." was established to raise capital by the issue of debt securities and to use the proceeds of each such issuance to advance loans to the Bank. CJSC "Mortgage Agent MKB" was established for the purposes of the mortgage loans securitization program launched by the Bank in 2014. CBM Ireland Leasing Limited was established for operating leasing of aircrafts. In August 2016 the Bank acquired 100% of shares in LLC Bank SKS to develop investment banking activities. The Bank believes that purchase of the subsidiary does not have significant impact on these consolidated interim condensed financial statements.

Shareholders

The Bank's shareholders as at 30 September 2016 are:

- LLC Concern Rossium 56.83%
- RegionFinanceResurs, JSC 8.69%
- LLC IC Algoritm 6.93%
- European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD) 4.54%
- LLC Savings Management 2.89%

- RBOF Holding Company I Ltd 2.79%
- JSC EG Capital Partners 1.99%
- International Finance Corporation (IFC) 1.75%
- Powerboom Investments Limited 1.32%
- Other shareholders 12.27%

The majority participant of Concern Rossium, LLC, is Roman I. Avdeev, who is an ultimate controlling party of the Group.

Related party transactions are detailed in note 14.

Russian business environment

The Group's operations are primarily located in the Russian Federation. Consequently, the Group is exposed to the economic and financial risks in the markets of the Russian Federation, which display emerging-market characteristics. Legal, tax and regulatory frameworks continue to be developed, but are subject to varying interpretations and frequent changes that, together with other legal and fiscal impediments, contribute to the challenges faced by entities operating in the Russian Federation.

The conflict in Ukraine and related events has increased the perceived risks of doing business in the Russian Federation. The imposition of economic sanctions on Russian individuals and legal entities by the European Union, the United States of America, Japan, Canada, Australia and others, as well as retaliatory sanctions imposed by the Russian government, has resulted in increased economic uncertainty including more volatile equity markets, a depreciation of the Russian Rouble, a reduction in both local and foreign direct investment inflows and a significant tightening in the availability of credit. In particular, some Russian entities, including banks, may be experiencing difficulties in accessing international equity and debt markets and may become increasingly dependent on Russian state banks to finance their operations. The longer term effects of recently implemented sanctions, as well as the threat of additional future sanctions, are difficult to determine. Management of the Group believes that it takes all the necessary efforts to support the economic stability of the Group in the current environment.

The consolidated interim condensed financial statements reflect management's assessment of the impact of the Russian business environment on the operations and the financial position of the Group. The future business environment may differ from management's assessment.

2 **Basis of preparation**

Statement of compliance

The accompanying consolidated interim condensed financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*. They do not include all of the information required for full consolidated financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2015, as these consolidated interim condensed financial statements provide an update of previously reported financial information.

Basis of measurement

The consolidated interim condensed financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis except that financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss and available-for-sale securities are stated at fair value and buildings are stated at revalued amounts.

Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of the Bank and the majority of its subsidiaries is the Russian Rouble (RUB) as, being the national currency of the Russian Federation, it reflects the economic substance of the majority of underlying events and circumstances relevant to them.

The RUB is also the presentation currency for the purposes of these consolidated interim condense financial statements.

Financial information presented in RUB is rounded to the nearest thousand.

Foreign currencies, particularly USD and euro, play significant role in determination of economic parameters for many business operations conducted in the Russian Federation. The table below sets out exchange rates for USD and euro against RUB, defined by the CBR:

	30 September 2016	31 December 2015	30 September 2015
USD	63.1581	72.8827	66.2367
Euro	70.8823	79.6972	74.5825

Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of consolidated interim condensed financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

In preparing these consolidated interim condensed financial statements the critical judgments made by management in applying the accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty are the same as those that applied to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015.

3 Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies applied by the Group in the preparation of these consolidated interim condensed financial statements are consistent with those applied by the Group in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015.

Certain amendments to IFRS became effective from 1 January 2016 and have been adopted by the Group since that date. These changes do not have a significant effect on the Group's consolidated interim condensed financial statements.

4 Net interest income

	Nine-Month Period Ended 30 September 2016 RUB'000 (Unaudited)	Nine-Month Period Ended 30 September 2015 RUB'000 (Unaudited)	Three-Month Period Ended 30 September 2016 RUB'000 (Unaudited)	Three-Month Period Ended 30 September 2015 RUB'000 (Unaudited)
Interest income				
Loans to customers	60 508 134	48 790 952	20 171 508	17 826 008
Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss and available-for- sale securities	9 356 453	6 245 173	2 594 394	2 198 673
Deposits in credit and other financial				
institutions and the CBR	14 201 669	6 099 676	5 324 445	2 411 378
	84 066 256	61 135 801	28 090 347	22 436 059
Interest expense				
Deposits by customers	(41 215 780)	(31 558 733)	(13 941 305)	(10 895 888)
Debt securities issued	(7 995 399)	(8 763 774)	(2 579 062)	(2 978 638)
Deposits by credit and other financial	. ,	. ,	. ,	. ,
institutions and the CBR	(3 493 745)	(3 123 018)	(670 877)	(1 292 660)
	(52 704 924)	(43 445 525)	(17 191 244)	(15 167 186)
Net interest income	31 361 332	17 690 276	10 899 103	7 268 873

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Net fee and commission income

	Nine-Month Period Ended 30 September 2016 RUB'000 (Unaudited)	Nine-Month Period Ended 30 September 2015 RUB'000 (Unaudited)	Three-Month Period Ended 30 September 2016 RUB'000 (Unaudited)	Three-Month Period Ended 30 September 2015 RUB'000 (Unaudited)
Fee and commission				
income				
Cash handling	1 921 130	943 763	638 399	337 285
Plastic cards	1 676 181	1 356 009	596 590	481 243
Guarantees and letters of				
credit	1 336 853	1 240 403	198 016	289 491
Insurance contracts				
processing	1 288 494	871 408	579 062	419 960
Settlements and wire				
transfers	1 237 010	750 308	470 510	124 838
Other cash operations	1 204 650	502 616	428 901	193 219
Opening and maintenance				
of bank accounts	359 179	221 913	92 919	82 550
Currency exchange				
commission	356 898	257 826	143 027	110 231
Other	90 079	295 164	9 226	100 954
	9 470 474	6 439 410	3 156 650	2 139 771
Fee and commission				
expense				
Settlements, wire				
transfers and plastic cards	(1 394 727)	(983 281)	(486 409)	(314 018)
Other	(136 129)	(180 096)	(48 620)	461 981
	(1 530 856)	(1 163 377)	(535 029)	147 963
Net fee and commission income	7 939 618	5 276 033	2 621 621	2 287 734

6 Salaries, employment benefits and administrative expenses

	Nine-Month Period Ended 30 September 2016 RUB'000 (Unaudited)	Nine-Month Period Ended 30 September 2015 RUB'000 (Unaudited)	Three-Month Period Ended 30 September 2016 RUB'000 (Unaudited)	Three-Month Period Ended 30 September 2015 RUB'000 (Unaudited)
Salaries	4 442 572	2 985 030	1 499 982	1 022 031
Social security costs	1 163 296	810 570	355 103	242 829
Other	77 454	95 138	27 060	32 364
Salaries and employment benefits	5 683 322	3 890 738	1 882 145	1 297 224
Occupancy	787 801	563 424	286 598	166 473
Advertising and business development	634 638	544 301	425 922	272 490
Security	435 351	189 895	152 277	71 618
Property maintenance	403 876	217 128	167 425	76 449
Operating taxes	361 106	339 132	142 315	125 478
Write-off of low-value fixed assets	235 185	63 826	54 397	13 980
Transport	178 539	86 061	7 909	25 370
Property insurance	140 128	79 243	45 788	28 483
Communications	120 644	76 159	44 487	39 683
Computer maintenance and software expenses	114 043	103 573	35 162	49 836
Legal and consulting services	92 430	55 594	34 550	30 924
Other	126 077	79 232	50 336	15 520
Administrative expenses	3 629 818	2 397 568	1 447 166	916 304

The Group does not have pension arrangements separate from the State pension system of the Russian Federation. The Russian Federation system requires current contributions by the employer calculated as a percentage of current gross salary payments; such expense is charged to profit or loss in the period the related compensation is earned by the employee.

7 Income tax

	Nine-Month Period Ended 30 September 2016 RUB'000 (Unaudited)	Nine-Month Period Ended 30 September 2015 RUB'000 (Unaudited)	
Current tax charge	3 951 595	573 735	
Deferred taxation	(1 618 313)	(162 631)	
Income tax expense	2 333 282	411 104	

Russian legal entities must report taxable income and remit income taxes thereon to the appropriate authorities. The statutory income tax rate for the Bank is 20% in 2016 and 2015.

8 Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

3	0 September 2016 RUB'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2015 RUB'000	
Held by the Group			
Government and municipal bonds			
Russian Government Federal bonds (OFZ)	388 594	508 810	
Russian Government eurobonds	4 972	-	
Moscow Government bonds	-	223 936	
Regional authorities and municipal bonds	4 610 168	3 391 004	
Corporate bonds			
rated AAA	-	170 475	
from BBB+ to BBB-	24 885 348	22 847 946	
from BB+ to BB-	12 801 323	20 382 401	
from B+ to B-	12 455 141	15 260 063	
not rated	6 934 343	5 771 732	
Derivative financial instruments	625 256	926 190	
Total held by the Group	62 705 145	69 482 557	
Pledged under sale and repurchase agreements			
Government and municipal bonds			
Russian Government eurobonds	2 076 978	-	
Regional authorities and municipal bonds	-	2 303 352	
Corporate bonds			
from BBB+ to BBB-	821 185	219 288	
from BB+ to BB-	1 735 631	131 792	
Total pledged under sale and repurchase agreements	4 633 794	2 654 432	
Total financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	67 338 939	72 136 989	

No financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are past due.

As at 30 September 2016, debt instruments at fair value through profit or loss in the amount of RUB 55 125 362 thousand (31 December 2015: RUB 64 464 969 thousand) are qualified to be pledged against borrowings from the Central Bank of the Russian Federation.

9 Available-for-sale securities

	30 September 2016 RUB'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2015 RUB'000	
Held by the Group			
Corporate bonds			
from BBB+ to BBB-	2 431 660	23 519 257	
from BB+ to BB-	8 114 726	40 615 035	
from B+ to B-	1 753 540	5 827 315	
from CCC+ to CCC-	19 486	121 821	
not rated	9 708 576	3 159 347	
Promissory notes			
from BB+ to BB-	4 378 640	8 389 557	
from B+ to B-	-	3 543 557	
Equity investments	111 657	111 267	
Total held by the Group	26 518 285	85 287 156	
Pledged under sale and repurchase agreements			
Corporate bonds			
from BBB+ to BBB-	7 256 113	249 696	
from BB+ to BB-	21 172 941	1 866 057	
Total pledged under sale and repurchase agreements	28 429 054	2 115 753	
Total available-for-sale securities	54 947 339	87 402 909	

No available-for-sale securities are past due.

As at 30 September 2016, debt instruments available for sale in the amount of RUB 45 351 773 thousand (31 December 2015: RUB 62 223 479 thousand) are qualified to be pledged against borrowings from the Central Bank of the Russian Federation.

10 Loans to customers

	30 September 2016 RUB'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2015 RUB'000	
Loans to corporate clients	547 238 678	510 205 763	
Impairment allowance	(28 478 630)	(27 782 541)	
Total loans to corporate clients, net	518 760 048	482 423 222	
Loans to individuals			
Auto loans	1 451 171	3 307 156	
Mortgage loans	23 749 522	21 559 432	
Credit card loans	3 906 978	4 141 275	
Other loans to individuals	76 844 245	90 725 254	
Impairment allowance	(8 329 085)	(9 091 074)	
Total loans to individuals, net	97 622 831	110 642 043	
Total gross loans to customers	653 190 594	629 938 880	
Impairment allowance	(36 807 715)	(36 873 615)	
Net loans to customers	616 382 879	593 065 265	

Credit quality of loan portfolio

The following table provides information on credit quality of the loan portfolio as at 30 September 2016 and 31 December 2015:

	30 September 2016 RUB'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2015 RUB'000	
Loans to customers			
- Not past due	605 853 499	562 343 490	
- Not past due but impaired	10 722 297	21 794 590	
- Overdue less than 31 days	2 947 314	7 398 954	
- Overdue 31-60 days	1 085 533	4 356 496	
- Overdue 61-90 days	1 095 980	1 606 736	
- Overdue 91-180 days	10 417 697	10 882 199	
- Overdue 181-360 days	6 614 586	18 205 851	
- Overdue more than 360 days	14 453 688	3 350 564	
Total gross loans to customers	653 190 594	629 938 880	
Impairment allowance	(36 807 715)	(36 873 615)	
Total net loans to customers	616 382 879	593 065 265	

Movements in the loan impairment allowance for the nine-month periods ended 30 September 2016 and 30 September 2015 are as follows:

	Nine-Month Period Ended 30 September 2016 RUB'000 (Unaudited)	Nine-Month Period Ended 30 September 2015 RUB'000 (Unaudited)	
Balance at the beginning of the period	36 873 615	16 176 196	
Net charge	24 046 848	14 585 203	
Net write-offs	(24 112 748)	(3 575 467)	
Balance at the end of the period	36 807 715	27 185 932	

As at 30 September 2016, net interest accrued on overdue and impaired loans amounts to RUB 1 533 359 thousand (31 December 2015: RUB 803 123 thousand).

Credit quality of loans to corporate clients portfolio

The following table provides information on credit quality of loans to corporate clients as at 30 September 2016 and 31 December 2015:

	30 September 2016 RUB'000	31 December 2015 RUB'000	
	(Unaudited)		
Loans to corporate clients			
- Not past due	511 783 416	456 119 669	
- Not past due but impaired	10 722 297	21 794 590	
- Overdue less than 31 days	1 154 000	5 906 042	
- Overdue 31-60 days	143 384	3 180 256	
- Overdue 61-90 days	333 617	213 323	
- Overdue 91-180 days	8 076 265	7 965 233	
- Overdue 181-360 days	3 593 117	14 148 922	
- Overdue more than 360 days	11 432 582	877 728	
Total gross loans to corporate clients	547 238 678	510 205 763	
Impairment allowance	(28 478 630)	(27 782 541)	
Total net loans to corporate clients	518 760 048	482 423 222	

As at 30 September 2016, the Group estimates loan impairment for loans to corporate clients based on an analysis of future cash flows for impaired loans and based on its internal credit rating adjusted for the value of collateral for portfolios of loans for which no indications of impairment have been identified. The key assumptions used in the analysis of future cash flows for impaired loans are based on the assessment of the value of collateral pledged to secure these loans when applicable. To estimate net realizable value of collateral for sale, management generally relies on market prices and professional judgment of internal appraisers, applying discount where appropriate.

Changes in these estimates could affect the loan impairment allowance. For example, to the extent that the net present value of the estimated cash flows differs by plus/minus two percent, the impairment allowance as at 30 September 2016 would decrease/increase by RUB 10 375 201 thousand (31 December 2015: RUB 9 648 464 thousand).

Analysis of movements in the impairment allowance

Movements in the loan impairment allowance for loans to corporate clients for the nine-month periods ended 30 September 2016 and 30 September 2015 are as follows:

	Nine-Month Period Ended 30 September 2016 RUB'000 (Unaudited)	Nine-Month Period Ended 30 September 2015 RUB'000 (Unaudited)
Balance at the beginning of the period	27 782 541	8 366 428
Net charge	18 322 810	10 617 667
Net write-offs	(17 626 721)	(185 382)
Balance at the end of the period	28 478 630	18 798 713

Credit quality of loans to individuals

The following table provides information on the credit quality of loans to individuals as at 30 September 2016:

RUB'000 (Unaudited)	Auto loans	Mortgage loans	Credit card loans	Other loans to individuals	Total
- Not past due	1 343 862	21 371 679	3 574 949	67 779 593	94 070 083
- Overdue less than 31 days	20 479	224 070	34 419	1 514 346	1 793 314
- Overdue 31-60 days	11 466	126 991	150	803 542	942 149
- Overdue 61-90 days	1 949	38 579	20 314	701 521	762 363
- Overdue 91-180 days	17 411	161 125	59 858	2 103 038	2 341 432
- Overdue 181-360 days	35 354	322 182	125 616	2 538 317	3 021 469
- Overdue more than 360	20 650	1 504 896	91 672	1 403 888	3 021 106
Gross loans to individuals	1 451 171	23 749 522	3 906 978	76 844 245	105 951 916
Impairment allowance	(67 614)	(1 158 464)	(280 544)	(6 822 463)	(8 329 085)
Net loans to individuals	1 383 557	22 591 058	3 626 434	70 021 782	97 622 831

The following table provides information on the credit quality of loans to individuals as at 31 December 2015:

RUB'000	Auto loans	Mortgage loans	Credit card loans	Other loans to individuals	Total
- Not past due	3 138 330	18 746 326	3 439 798	80 899 367	106 223 821
- Overdue less than 31 days	23 724	221 695	98	1 247 395	1 492 912
- Overdue 31-60 days	9 525	78 073	39 944	1 048 698	1 176 240
- Overdue 61-90 days	9 985	125 636	33 930	1 223 862	1 393 413
- Overdue 91-180 days	33 199	1 085 725	122 832	1 675 210	2 916 966
- Overdue 181-360 days	57 814	461 521	331 872	3 205 722	4 056 929
- Overdue more than 360	34 579	840 456	172 801	1 425 000	2 472 836
Gross loans to individuals	3 307 156	21 559 432	4 141 275	90 725 254	119 733 117
Impairment allowance	(113 863)	(902 046)	(545 475)	(7 529 690)	(9 091 074)
Net loans to individuals	3 193 293	20 657 386	3 595 800	83 195 564	110 642 043

Management estimates loan impairment based on historical loss experience for these types of loans using historical loss migration patterns for the past twenty four months. The significant assumptions used by management in determining the impairment losses for loans to individuals is that loss migration rates and recovery rates are stable and can be estimated based on the historic loss migration pattern for the past twenty four months.

Changes in these estimates could affect the loan impairment allowance. For example, to the extent that the net present value of the estimated cash flows differs by three percent, the impairment allowance as at 30 September 2016 would increase/decrease by RUB 2 928 685 thousand (31 December 2015: RUB 3 319 261 thousand).

Analysis of movements in the impairment allowance

Movements in the loan impairment allowance by classes of loans to individuals for the ninemonth period ended 30 September 2016 are as follows:

RUB'000 (Unaudited)	Auto loans	Mortgage loans	Credit card loans	Other loans to individuals	Total
Balance at the beginning of the period	113 863	902 046	545 475	7 529 690	9 091 074
Net charge	6 232	840 695	195 643	4 681 468	5 724 038
Net write-offs	(52 481)	(584 277)	(460 574)	(5 388 695)	(6 486 027)
Balance at the end of the period	67 614	1 158 464	280 544	6 822 463	8 329 085

Movements in the loan impairment allowance by classes of loans to individuals for the ninemonth period ended 30 September 2015 are as follows:

RUB'000 (Unaudited)	Auto loans	Mortgage loans	Credit card loans	Other loans to individuals	Total
Balance at the beginning of the period	120 461	305 563	618 437	6 765 307	7 809 768
Net charge	122 695	286 308	207 436	3 351 097	3 967 536
Net write-offs	(119 629)	-	(282 076)	(2 988 380)	(3 390 085)
Balance at the end of the period	123 527	591 871	543 797	7 128 024	8 387 219

Industry and geographical analysis of the loan portfolio

Loans to customers were issued primarily to customers located within the Russian Federation, who operate in the following economic sectors:

	30 September 2016 RUB'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2015 RUB'000
Loans to individuals	105 951 916	119 733 117
Oil and industrial chemicals	97 559 935	95 427 480
Food and farm products	62 238 924	63 578 011
Services	57 638 362	61 159 187
Metallurgical	52 668 934	39 150 165
Financial	50 436 814	46 866 680
Automotive, motorcycles and spare parts	47 901 186	42 089 711
Residential and commercial construction and development	43 520 415	38 573 473
Property rental	41 973 953	30 297 150
Industrial and infrastructure construction	21 113 723	24 808 966
Pharmaceutical and medical products	16 677 497	12 742 011
Industrial equipment and machinery	13 009 532	6 098 559
Construction and decorative materials, furniture	11 333 833	10 017 245
Clothing, shoes, textiles and sporting goods	10 039 410	10 503 336
Consumer electronics, appliances and computers	8 609 188	10 325 576
Telecommunications	6 629 863	4 023 846
Paper, stationery and packaging products	2 981 994	2 916 325
Consumer chemicals, perfumes and hygiene products	970 749	2 689 256
Books, video, print and copy	513 361	323 184
Gardening and pet products	305 030	329 515
Products for home, gifts, jewelry and business accessories	247 710	184 218
Equipment leasing	148 341	32 812
Electric utility	25 000	2 002 940
Other	694 924	6 066 117
	653 190 594	629 938 880
Impairment allowance	(36 807 715)	(36 873 615)
	616 382 879	593 065 265

11 Debt securities issued

	30 September 2016 RUB'000	31 December 2015 RUB'000
	(Unaudited)	
Promissory notes issued at nominal value	1 275 881	1 059 000
Accrued interest	-	265
Unamortized discount	(6 797)	(14 706)
Total promissory notes issued	1 269 084	1 044 559
Bonds	63 182 309	73 901 654
Subordinated bonds	42 986 545	46 208 552
Total bonds issued	106 168 854	120 110 206
Total debt securities issued	107 437 938	121 154 765

12 Share capital

Share capital consists of ordinary shares and was contributed by the shareholders in Roubles. The shareholders are entitled to dividends and capital distributions. Issued, outstanding and paid share capital at 30 September 2016 comprises 23 879 709 866 shares (31 December 2015: 23 879 709 866 shares) with par value of 1 RUB per share. In addition, at 30 September 2016 the Bank has 12 396 448 142 authorized ordinary shares with an aggregate nominal value of RUB 12 396 million. The total hyperinflation adjustment related to equity as at 31 December 2002 was RUB 861 930 thousand.

In 2015 the Bank issued 8 139 683 500 additional ordinary shares with a par value of 1 RUB per share under initial and secondary public offerings. The Bank raised RUB 29 690 654 thousand during these offerings.

13 Contingencies

Insurance

The insurance industry in the Russian Federation is in a developing state and many forms of insurance protection common in other parts of the world are not yet generally available. The Group does not have full coverage for its premises and equipment, business interruption, or third party liability in respect of property or environmental damage arising from accidents on property or relating to operations. Until the Group obtains adequate insurance coverage, there is a risk that the loss or destruction of certain assets could have a material adverse effect on operations and financial position.

Litigation

In the ordinary course of business, the Group is subject to legal actions and complaints. Management believes that the ultimate liability, if any, arising from such actions or complaints will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition or the results of future operations.

Taxation contingencies

The taxation system in the Russian Federation continues to evolve and is characterized by frequent changes in legislation, official pronouncements and court decisions, which are sometimes contradictory and subject to varying interpretation by different tax authorities. Taxes are subject to review and investigation by a number of authorities which have the authority to impose severe fines, penalties and interest charges. A tax year remains open for review by the tax authorities

during the three subsequent calendar years; however, under certain circumstances, a tax year may remain open for a longer period.

Recent events in the Russian Federation suggest that the tax authorities are taking a more assertive position in their interpretation and enforcement of tax legislation.

Starting from 1 January 2012 new transfer pricing rules came into force in Russia. These provide the possibility for tax authorities to make transfer pricing adjustments and impose additional tax liabilities in respect of controllable transactions if their prices deviate from the market range or profitability range. According to the provisions of transfer pricing rules, the taxpayer should sequentially apply five market price determination methods prescribed by the Tax Code.

Tax liabilities arising from transactions between companies are determined using actual transaction prices. It is possible, with the evolution of the interpretation of transfer pricing rules in the Russian Federation and changes in the approach of the Russian tax authorities, that such transfer prices could be challenged. Since the current Russian transfer pricing rules became effective relatively recently, the impact of any such challenge cannot be reliably estimated; however, it may be significant to the financial position and/or the overall operations of the Group.

These circumstances may create tax risks in the Russian Federation that are substantially more significant than in other countries. Management believes that it has provided adequately for tax liabilities based on its interpretations of applicable Russian tax legislation, official pronouncements and court decisions. However, the interpretations of the relevant authorities could differ and the effect on the financial position, if the authorities were successful in enforcing their interpretations, could be significant.

14 Related party transactions

The outstanding balances with related parties and related average interest rates as at 30 September 2016 and 31 December 2015 are as follows:

		nber 2016 Idited)	31 December 2015	
	Amount RUB'000	Average effective interest rate	Amount RUB'000	Average effective interest rate
Loans to customers				
Under control of majority beneficiary	6 893 850	15.4%	991 190	17.4%
Management	47 696	17.3%	114 800	16.4%
Total loans to customers	6 941 546		1 105 990	
Deposits by customers				
Term deposits by customers				
Under control of majority beneficiary	318 155	8.3%	266 381	10.8%
Parent company	253 200	9.8%	14 207	10.0%
Management	213 326	6.6%	191 100	7.8%
Majority beneficiary	153 295	4.9%	282 176	13.2%
Total term deposits by customers	937 976		753 864	
Current accounts by customers				
Under control of majority beneficiary	86 586		210 502	
Management	18 091		8 485	
Parent company	8 575		41 817	
Majority beneficiary	740		355	
Total current accounts by customers	113 992		261 159	
Total deposits by customers	1 051 968		1 015 023	
Guarantees issued				
Under control of majority beneficiary	752 430		4 287 052	
Total guarantees	752 430		4 287 052	

Amounts included in profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the nine-month periods ended 30 September 2016 and 30 September 2015 in relation to transactions with related parties are as follows:

	Nine-Month Period Ended 30 September 2016 RUB'000 (Unaudited)	Nine-Month Period Ended 30 September 2015 RUB'000 (Unaudited)
Interest income on loans to customers		
Under control of majority beneficiary	415 557	80 463
Management	6 686	2 676
Parent company	2 276	-

	Nine-Month Period Ended 30 September 2016 RUB'000 (Unaudited)	Nine-Month Period Ended 30 September 2015 RUB'000 (Unaudited)
Majority beneficiary	-	151 756
Total interest income	424 519	234 895
Interest expense on deposits by customers		
Under control of majority beneficiary	228 831	8 277
Parent company	59 609	66 415
Majority beneficiary	17 669	18 758
Management	10 812	10 614
Total interest expense	316 921	104 064

Total remuneration of the Supervisory Board and the Management Board included in employee compensation for the nine-month periods ended 30 September 2016 and 30 September 2015 (refer to note 6) is as follows:

	Nine-Month Period Ended 30 September 2016 RUB'000 (Unaudited)	Nine-Month Period Ended 30 September 2015 RUB'000 (Unaudited)
Board Members of the Management Board	72 648	65 370
Members of the Supervisory Board	59 456	53 523
	132 104	118 893

15 Capital management

The CBR sets and monitors capital requirements for the Group.

The Group defines as capital those items defined by statutory regulation as capital for credit institutions. The Group calculates the amount of capital in accordance with Provision of the CBR dated 28 December 2012 No. 395-P On methodology of calculation of own funds (capital) of the credit organizations (Basel III) (Provision of the CBR No. 395-P).

As at 30 September 2016, minimum level of main capital ratio (ratio N20.2) is 6.0%, basic capital ratio (ratio N20.1) is 4.5%, own funds (capital) ratio (ratio N20.0) is 8.0% (31 December 2015: 6.0%, 5.0%, 10.0%, respectively).

Management believes that the Group maintains capital adequacy at the level appropriate to the nature and volume of its operations.

The Group provides the territorial CBR offices that supervise the Bank with information on mandatory ratios in accordance with regulatory requirements. The Accounting Department controls on a daily basis compliance with capital adequacy ratios.

In case capital adequacy ratios become close to limits set by the CBR and the Group's internal limits this information is communicated to the Management Board and the Supervisory Board. The Group is in compliance with the statutory capital ratios as at 30 September 2016 and 31 December 2015.

The capital adequacy ratio of the Group calculated in accordance with the Basel III requirements as adopted in the Russian Federation, based on the consolidated IFRS financial statements as at 30 September 2016 and 31 December 2015 is as follows:

	30 September 2016 RUB'000	31 December 2015 RUB'000
	(Unaudited)	
Tier 1 capital		
Share capital and additional paid-in capital	59 789 103	59 789 103
Retained earnings	39 902 247	31 560 113
Intangible assets	(314 250)	(354 719)
Core tier 1	99 377 100	90 994 497
Total tier 1 capital	99 377 100	90 994 497
Tier 2 capital		
Revaluation surplus for buildings	769 176	769 176
Revaluation reserve for investments available-for-sale	860 404	220 070
Subordinated loans		
Subordinated loans	39 235 272	42 291 275
Subordinated bonds	21 065 285	28 277 204
Total tier 2 capital	61 930 137	71 557 725
Total capital	161 307 237	162 552 222
Risk-weighted assets		
Banking book	743 921 246	749 365 459
Trading book	127 129 009	179 465 196
Operational risk	57 449 960	57 449 960
Total risk weighted assets	928 500 215	986 280 615
Total capital expressed as a percentage of risk-weighted assets (total capital ratio) (%)	17.4	16.5
Total tier 1 capital expressed as a percentage of risk- weighted assets (Core tier 1 capital ratio) (%)	10.7	9.2
Total tier 1 capital expressed as a percentage of risk- weighted assets (tier 1 capital ratio) (%)	10.7	9.2

Included in subordinated bonds in tier 2 capital are subordinated bonds in the amount of RUB 15 860 368 thousand (31 December 2015: RUB 23 398 755 thousand) which are fully in compliance with Basel III requirements as adopted in the Russian Federation. Subordinated loans are subject to accelerated amortization, following the transition rules applied by the CBR for inclusion in tier 2 capital of subordinated loans received before March 2013.

In June 2015 the State Corporation "Deposit Insurance Agency" provided a subordinated loan of RUB 20 231 000 thousand to the Bank in a form of federal loan bonds (OFZ). The Bank has an obligation to return securities received back to the lender at the maturity of the agreement. The Bank pays charges equal to coupons on the bonds transferred plus a fixed margin. The contract also includes certain restrictions on ability of the Bank to sell or pledge securities received. The arrangement is a securities lending transaction. The Group does not recognize securities received and a subordinated obligation to return them to the lender in the consolidated interim condensed statement of financial position of the Group. The obligation to return securities received to the State Corporation "Deposit Insurance Agency" is subordinated to other ordinary obligations of the

Group and the terms of the loan satisfy the criteria for inclusion of the loan into the regulatory capital of the Bank in accordance with Russian banking legislation. As such, the Bank includes the amount of the subordinated loan described above into its Tier 2 capital for the purpose of statutory regulatory capital and capital calculated for capital management purposes in accordance with Basel III.

The risk-weighted assets are measured by means of a hierarchy of risk weights classified according to the nature of - and reflecting an estimate of credit, market and other risks associated with - each asset and counterparty, taking into account any eligible collateral or guarantees.

16 Analysis by segment

The Group has four reportable segments, as described below, which are strategic business units. The strategic business units offer different products and services, and are managed separately because they require different technology and marketing strategies. For each of the strategic business units, the Chairman of the Management Board reviews internal management reports on at least a quarterly basis. The following summary describes the operations in each of the reportable segments:

- Corporate banking: comprises corporate lending, overdraft lending, factoring, leasing, letters of credit, guaranties, corporate deposit taking, settlements and money transfer, currency conversion
- Retail banking: comprises retail demand and term deposit services; retail lending, including car loans, mortgages and other loans to individuals, money transfers and private banking services; banking card products, settlement and money transfer, currency conversion for individuals
- Treasury: comprises interbank lending and borrowings from banks, securities trading and brokerage in securities, repo transactions, foreign exchange services, issuance of domestic bonds and promissory notes
- Cash operations: comprises all operations connected with cash, cash handling, calculation and transportation.

Information regarding the results of each reportable segment is included below. Performance is measured based on segment profit before income tax, which is calculated based on consolidated financial information prepared in accordance with IFRS, as included in the internal management reports that are reviewed by the Chairman of the Management Board. Segment profit is used to measure performance as management believes that such information is the most relevant in evaluating the results of certain segments relative to others who operate within these industries. Inter-segment pricing is determined on an arm's length basis.

The segment breakdown of assets and liabilities is set out below:

	30 September 2016 RUB'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2015 RUB'000
ASSETS		
Corporate banking	525 178 088	487 032 141
Retail banking	99 935 735	111 969 235
Treasury	645 059 410	557 505 468
Cash operations	11 715 850	17 344 885
Unallocated assets	30 060 275	34 348 899
Total assets	1 311 949 358	1 208 200 628
LIABILITIES		
Corporate banking	629 770 476	697 763 224
Retail banking	226 953 816	200 929 007
Treasury	346 590 079	209 859 325
Unallocated liabilities	7 291 937	7 310 610
Total liabilities	1 210 606 308	1 115 862 166

Notes to, and forming part of, the Consolidated Interim Condensed Financial Statements for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2016

RUB'000 (Unaudited)	Corporate banking	Retail banking	Treasury	Cash operations	Unallocated	Total
External interest income	46 350 355	14 157 779	23 558 122	-	-	84 066 256
Fee and commission income	2 540 996	3 650 513	153 185	3 125 780	-	9 470 474
Net gain on securities	-	-	1 552 316	-	-	1 552 316
Net foreign exchange gains	464 579	88 481	3 042 101	-	-	3 595 161
Other operating income, net	733 052	143 433	97 448	-	-	973 933
Revenue (expenses) from other segments	6 026 956	7 079 245	(13 418 356)	312 155	-	-
Revenue	56 115 938	25 119 451	14 984 816	3 437 935		99 658 140
Impairment losses on loans	(18 322 810)	(5 724 038)	-	-	-	(24 046 848)
Interest expense	(27 354 920)	(13 860 860)	(11 489 144)	-	-	(52 704 924)
Fee and commission expense	(1 318 642)	(135 698)	(76 516)	-	-	(1 530 856)
General administrative and other expenses	(3 516 131)	(3 093 840)	(244 218)	(1 246 148)	(2 599 759)	(10 700 096)
Expense	(50 512 503)	(22 814 436)	(11 809 878)	(1 246 148)	(2 599 759)	(88 982 724)
Segment result	5 603 435	2 305 015	3 174 938	2 191 787	(2 599 759)	10 675 416

Segment information for the main reportable segments for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2016 is set below:

Segment information for the main reportable segments for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2015 is set below:

RUB'000 (Unaudited)	Corporate banking	Retail banking	Treasury	Cash operations	Unallocated	Total
External interest income	33 382 642	15 408 310	12 344 849	-	-	61 135 801
Fee and commission income	1 522 209	3 331 989	138 833	1 446 379	-	6 439 410
Net gain on securities	-	-	553 209	-	-	553 209
Net foreign exchange gains	978 750	37 042	126 262	-	-	1 142 054
Revenue (expenses) from other segments	564 365	(3 253 540)	1 958 536	730 639	-	-
Revenue	36 447 966	15 523 801	15 121 689	2 177 018	-	69 270 474
Impairment losses on loans	(10 617 667)	(3 967 536)	-	-	-	(14 585 203)
Interest expense	(16 926 177)	(14 632 556)	(11 886 792)	-	-	(43 445 525)
Fee and commission expense	(985 944)	(112 652)	(64 781)	-	-	(1 163 377)
Other operating expense	(210 702)	(16 013)	(11 879)	-	-	(238 594)
General administrative and other expenses	(1 047 068)	(2 937 605)	(128 918)	(1 223 025)	(2 554 807)	(7 891 423)
Expense	(29 787 558)	(21 666 362)	(12 092 370)	(1 223 025)	(2 554 807)	(67 324 122)
Segment result	6 660 408	(6 142 561)	3 029 319	953 993	(2 554 807)	1 946 352

Information about major customers and geographical areas

The majority of revenues from external customers relate to residents of the Russian Federation. The majority of non-current assets are located in the Russian Federation.

17 Financial assets and liabilities: fair values and accounting classifications

Accounting classifications and fair values

The table below sets out the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities as at 30 September 2016:

RUB'000 (unaudited)	Held for trading	Loans and receivables	Available- for-sale	Other amortised cost	Total carrying amount	Fair value
Cash and cash equivalents	-	214 238 296	-	-	214 238 296	214 238 296
Obligatory reserves with the CBR	-	8 730 944	-	-	8 730 944	8 730 944
Deposits in credit and other financial institutions	-	320 250 686	-	-	320 250 686	320 250 686
Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	67 338 939	-	-	-	67 338 939	67 338 939
Available-for-sale securities	-	-	54 947 339	-	54 947 339	54 835 682
Loans to customers	-	616 382 879	-	-	616 382 879	617 180 515
Other financial assets	-	1 960 657	-	-	1 960 657	1 960 657
	67 338 939	1 161 563 462	54 947 339	-	1 283 849 740	1 284 535 719
Deposits by the CBR	-	-	-	4 263 336	4 263 336	4 263 336
Deposits by credit and other financial institutions	-	-	-	234 888 805	234 888 805	234 888 805
Deposits by customers	-	-	-	856 724 292	856 724 292	861 482 501
Debt securities issued	-	-	-	107 437 938	107 437 938	111 263 377
Other financial liabilities	876 940	-	-	796 495	1 673 435	1 673 435
	876 940	-	-	1 204 110 866	1 204 987 806	1 213 571 454

The main assumptions used by management to estimate the fair values of financial instruments as at 30 September 2016 are:

- discount rates from 10.5% to 18.2% (roubles) and from 2.5% to 10.0% (foreign currency) are used for discounting future cash flows from corporate loans;
- discount rates from 13.6% to 28.2% (roubles) and from 11.0% to 13.4% (foreign currency) are used for discounting future cash flows from loans to individuals;
- discount rates from 5.5% to 13.9% (roubles) and from 0.2% to 2.0% (foreign currency) are used for discounting future cash flows from corporate deposits;
- discount rates from 8.3% to 10.5% (roubles) and from 0.8% to 2.0% (foreign currency) are used for discounting future cash flows from retail deposits.

The table below sets out the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities as at 31 December 2015:

RUB'000	Held for trading	Loans and receivables	Available- for-sale	Other amortised cost	Total carrying amount	Fair value
Cash and cash equivalents	-	138 014 586	-	-	138 014 586	138 014 586
Obligatory reserves with the CBR	-	5 936 111	-	-	5 936 111	5 936 111
Deposits in credit and other financial institutions	-	277 295 869	-	-	277 295 869	277 295 869
Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	72 136 989	-	-	-	72 136 989	72 136 989
Available-for-sale securities	-	-	87 402 909	-	87 402 909	87 402 909
Loans to customers	-	593 065 265	-	-	593 065 265	598 244 308
Other financial assets	-	2 433 915	-	-	2 433 915	2 433 915
	72 136 989	1 016 745 746	87 402 909	-	1 176 285 644	1 181 464 687
Deposits by the CBR	-	-	-	4 044 647	4 044 647	4 044 647
Deposits by credit and other financial institutions	-	-	-	84 659 913	84 659 913	84 659 913
Deposits by customers	-	-	-	898 692 231	898 692 231	912 243 118
Debt securities issued	-	-	-	121 154 765	121 154 765	119 441 817
Other financial liabilities	782 834	-	-	911 320	1 694 154	1 694 154
	782 834			1 109 462 876	1 110 245 710	1 122 083 649

The main assumptions used by management to estimate the fair values of financial instruments as at 31 December 2015 are:

- discount rates from 12.1% to 15.5% (roubles) and from 4.5% to 10.8% (foreign currency) are used for discounting future cash flows from corporate loans;
- discount rates from 13.3% to 28.2% (roubles) and from 10.4% to 19.0% (foreign currency) are used for discounting future cash flows from loans to individuals;
- discount rates from 9.5% to 12.0% (roubles) and from 2.0% to 4.9% (foreign currency) are used for discounting future cash flows from corporate deposits;
- discount rates from 8.0% to 12.0% (roubles) and from 1.3% to 3.0% (foreign currency) are used for discounting future cash flows from retail deposits;

The estimates of fair value are intended to approximate the price that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. However, given the uncertainties and the use of subjective judgment, the fair value should not be interpreted as being realizable in an immediate sale of the assets or transfer of liabilities.

Fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities that are traded in active markets are based on quoted market prices or dealer price quotations. For all other financial instruments, the Group determines fair values using other valuation techniques.

Valuation techniques include net present value and discounted cash flow models and comparison to similar instruments for which market-observable prices exist. Assumptions and inputs used in valuation techniques include risk-free and benchmark interest rates used in estimating discount rates and foreign currency exchange rates.

The Group uses widely recognized valuation models to determine the fair value of common and more simple financial instruments, such as interest rate and currency swaps that use only observable market data and require little management judgment and estimation. Observable prices and model inputs are usually available in the market for listed debt and equity securities, exchange-traded derivatives, and simple over-the-counter derivatives such as interest rate swaps.

There is no active market for loans to customers. The estimation of fair value for loans to customers is based on management's assumptions.

Fair value hierarchy

The Group measures fair values for financial instruments recorded in the consolidated interim condensed statement of financial position using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

• Level 1: Quoted market price (unadjusted) in an active market for an identical instrument.

• Level 2: Valuation techniques based on observable inputs, either directly (i.e, as prices) or indirectly (i.e, derived from prices). This category includes instruments valued using: quoted market prices in active markets for similar instruments; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are considered less than active; or other valuation techniques where all significant inputs are directly or indirectly observable from market data.

• Level 3: Valuation techniques using significant unobservable inputs. This category includes all instruments where the valuation technique includes inputs not based on observable data and the unobservable inputs have a significant effect on the instrument's valuation. This category includes instruments that are valued based on quoted prices for similar instruments where significant unobservable adjustments or assumptions are required to reflect differences between the instruments.

The following tables show an analysis of financial instruments recorded at fair value and financial instruments recorded at amortized cost for which fair value does not approximate their carrying amount as at 30 September 2016 and 31 December 2015:

30 September 2016 (Unaudited)	Level 1 RUB'000	Level 2 RUB'000	Level 3 RUB'000	Valuation technique used for Level 2 and 3	Total RUB'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Available-for-sale	66 713 683	625 256	-	Discounted cash flows	67 338 939
securities	50 457 042	4 378 640	-	Discounted cash flows	54 835 682
Loans to customers	-	-	617 180 515	Discounted cash flows	617 180 515
Deposits by customers	-	861 482 501	-	Discounted cash flows	861 482 501
Debt securities issued Other financial liabilities -	109 994 293	1 269 084	-	Discounted cash flows	111 263 377
Derivatives	-	876 940	-	Discounted cash flows	876 940

31 December 2015	Level 1 RUB'000	Level 2 RUB'000	Level 3 RUB'000	Valuation technique used for Level 2 and 3	Total RUB'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Available-for-sale	71 210 799	926 190	-	Discounted cash flows	72 136 989
securities	74 338 170	13 064 739	-	Discounted cash flows	87 402 909
Loans to customers	-	-	598 244 308	Discounted cash flows	598 244 308
Deposits by customers	-	912 243 118	-	Discounted cash flows	912 243 118
Debt securities issued Other financial liabilities -	118 397 258	1 044 559	-	Discounted cash flows	119 441 817
Derivatives	-	782 834	-	Discounted cash flows	782 834

During nine-month periods ended 30 September 2016 there were no transfers of assets between Level 1 and Level 2.

18 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing profit for the period by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period.

Basic earnings per share are calculated as follows:

	30 September 2016 RUB'000 (Unaudited)	30 September 2015 RUB'000 (Unaudited)
Profit for the period	8 342 134	1 535 248
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	23 879 709 866	16 674 284 355
Basic and diluted earnings per share (in RUB per share)	0.35	0.09

19 Events subsequent to the reporting date

In October 2016 the Bank paid out the 6th coupon in the amount of RUB 307.1 million or RUB 61.42 per one bond on exchange bonds series BO-06. The issue was originally placed on 24 October 2013 with a maturity of 5 years. The nominal value of the issue is RUB 5 billion.

In October 2016 the Bank paid out the 6th coupon on exchange bonds series BO-07 in amount of RUB 319.3 million or RUB 45.62 per one bond. The issue was originally placed on 30 October 2013 with a maturity of 5 years. The nominal value of the issue is RUB 15 billion.

In October 2016 the Bank placed a Loan Participation Notes issue in the total amount of USD 500 million with fixed coupon rate of 5.875% p.a. at par and maturity of 5 years.

In October 2016 MKB-leasing placed a domestic bonds issue series 01 in the total amount of RUB 3 billion with maturity of 5 years and a coupon rate of 12.50% p.a., applicable for 1-3 coupon periods.

In November 2016 the Bank acquired 4 763 157 domestic exchange bonds series BO-07 from the holders based on a put option at the price 100% of par value. The issue was originally placed on 30 October 2013 with a maturity of 5 years. The total amount of the issue is RUB 7 billion, the par value of each bond is RUB 1,000.

In November 2016 CBOM Finance p.l.c. paid out the 7th coupon in the amount of USD 21.75 million on subordinated Loan Participation Notes. The issue was originally placed in May 2013 with a maturity of 5.5 years. The nominal value of the issue is RUB 500 million.

In November 2016 Nicholas Haag and Bernard Sucher, previously Members of the Supervisory Board, left the Supervisory Board. Ilkka Seppo Salonen and Andreas Klingen were appointed Members of Supervisory Board.

Chairman of the Management Board

Chief Accountant

Vladimir A. Chubar

Svetlana V. Sass

22 November 2016